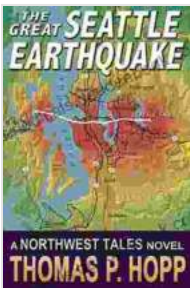


The Great Seattle Earthquake: A Tale of Devastation and Resilience

The Great Seattle Earthquake struck the Puget Sound region of Washington state on February 28, 1949, at 11:56 AM PST. The magnitude 7.1 earthquake caused widespread damage and loss of life, and is considered to be one of the most significant earthquakes in the history of the Pacific Northwest.



The Great Seattle Earthquake (Northwest Tales Book 2)

by Linda Astwood

★★★★☆ 4.1 out of 5

Language : English
File size : 4773 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 277 pages
Lending : Enabled



The earthquake was caused by the sudden release of energy along the Seattle Fault, a major fault line that runs beneath the Puget Sound. The earthquake triggered a number of landslides and tsunamis, and caused widespread damage to buildings, bridges, and other infrastructure.

Damage and Loss of Life

The Great Seattle Earthquake caused an estimated \$25 million in damage (equivalent to \$270 million in 2021). The earthquake destroyed or damaged over 1,000 buildings, including the iconic Smith Tower, which was the tallest building in Seattle at the time.

The earthquake also caused the collapse of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge, which had only been open for four months. The collapse of the bridge was captured on film, and the footage remains one of the most iconic images of the earthquake.

The earthquake caused 14 deaths and over 200 injuries. Most of the deaths were caused by falling debris or collapsed buildings.

Aftermath

In the aftermath of the earthquake, Seattle was declared a disaster area and martial law was imposed. The city quickly began to rebuild, and within a few years, most of the damage had been repaired.

The Great Seattle Earthquake had a profound impact on the city. The earthquake led to the development of new building codes and regulations, and it also raised awareness of the seismic risks in the Puget Sound region.

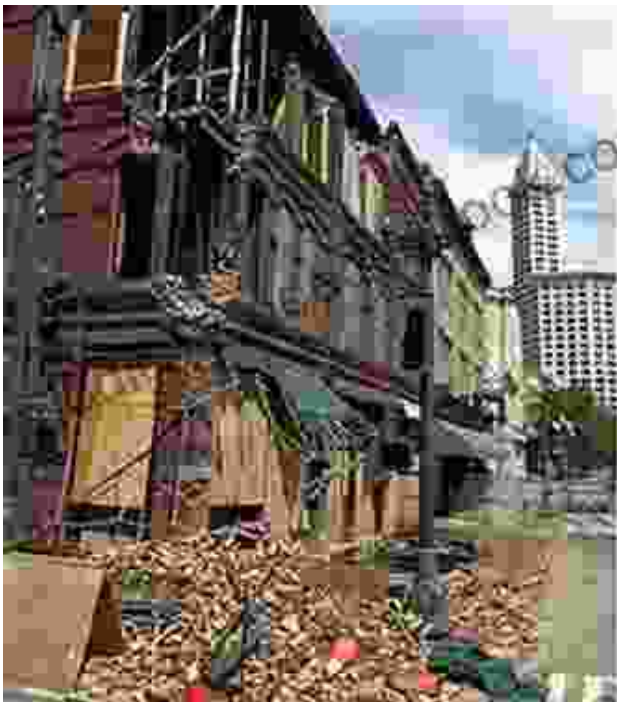
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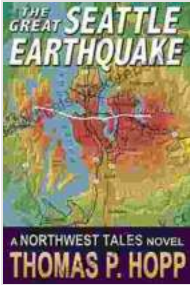
The Great Seattle Earthquake is still remembered today as one of the most significant earthquakes in the history of the Pacific Northwest. The earthquake is a reminder of the seismic risks in the region, and it has helped to shape the way that Seattle is built and prepared for future earthquakes.

The Great Seattle Earthquake was a devastating event, but it also showed the resilience of the city and its people. Seattle rebuilt after the earthquake, and it is now a thriving metropolis. The earthquake is a reminder that even the most devastating events can be overcome, and it is an inspiration to us all.

Image Gallery





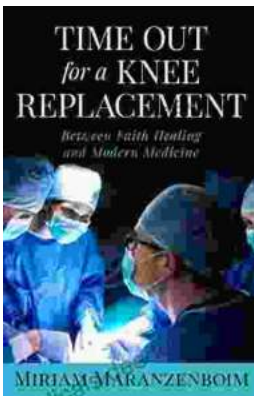


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